RUPEE ON ASCENT



Ms. Shivani Takalkar Shri. Gaurang Deshmukh

MMS 2005-07 Dr. V N BRIMS

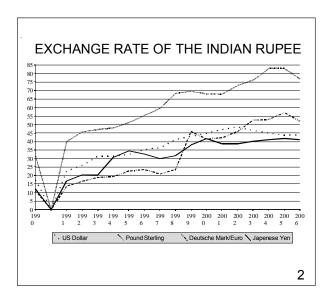
Exchange Rate

• It is the market rate of a currency for instance the Rupee vis-a-vis any foreign currency

Thus,

• If 1 US $\$ = \text{Rs.45} \dots$

1

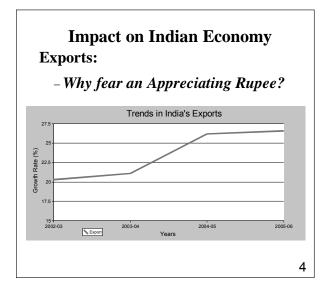


Contd ...

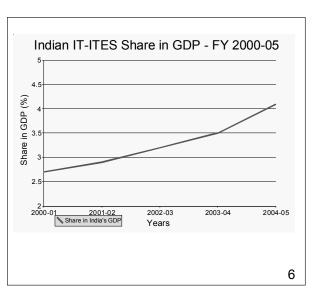
Three kinds of inflows have dominated the capital account:

- 1.NRI deposits: LIBOR rate on Oct.'03 was 2.15% (avg), while during the same period MIBOR was 4.92%.
- 2. Portfolio capital flows, reflecting investments by foreign bodies in India's stock and debt markets`.
- 3.External Commercial Borrowings (ECBs): ECBs rose from a negative \$ 1.43 billion in 200-01 to \$ 2.56 billion during April Dec 2003.

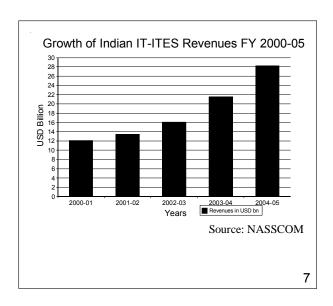
3

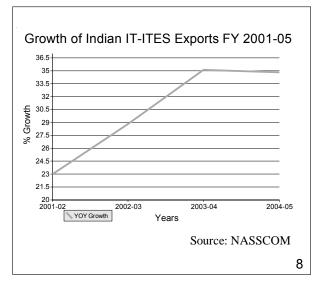


Comparative Standings of various Currencies vis-a-vis Dollar Comparative Standings vis-a-vis \$ Comparative Standings vis-a-vis \$ 22.5 20 (%) a parative Standings vis-a-vis \$ (%) a parative Standings vis-a-vis \$ (%) a parative Standings vis-a-vis \$ Currencies



DR. VN BRIMS •





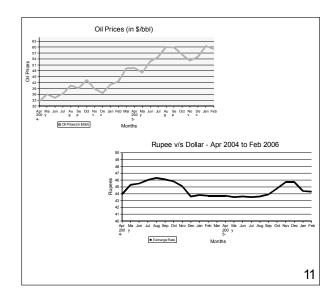
Positive Outcomes

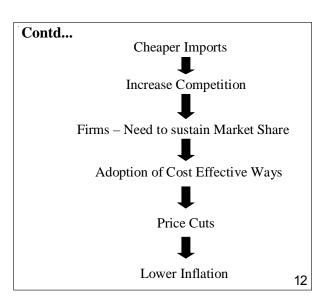
- Need for effective cost management
- Need to tap the untapped markets
- Insist on payment in other strong currencies in the untapped markets

9

Imports

- A higher rupee has lowered the cost of imported energy (oil) to a very significant extent
- 70% of India's oil requirement is met by imports
- Oil Bill constitutes more than 1/4th of total country's imports
- Top 8 importers in FY 04-05 were oil & gas companies





Cost of Borrowing

- Due to Appreciation :
- the rupee value of foreign loans has fallen down
- repayment and servicing has been eased

13

Contd...

This will...

- Benefit the economy's balance on the capital account
- Increase the demand for external financial resources
- These can be ploughed back for further growth of the economy

14

Also.....

- India is hot for its pool of entrepreneurial talent
- Foreign Companies are coming to India not only for cost saving, any more but for it's pool of talent
- High **Marginal Efficiency** of capital in the Indian Market is the single most important attraction of the huge dollar inflows into local business

15

For instance,

- When BIOCON went public -
 - QIB's over-subscribed by 39 times
- FII demand of Rs.4800 crores generated
- India's no.1 cellphone company **BHARTI** in 10 flat years fought all the MNC's and emerged strong in a very competitive environment
- **GE** called on **Spectramind's** team to create a new business in the same industry

16

Rising Rupee has got Silver Linings..

- Exporters forced:
- To become competitive
- To look for untapped markets
- Importers benefited by low cost inputs
- ECB's at cheaper rates

17

ETERNAL VIGIL in the era of LPG

- Maintain the current trend of high Foreign Currency Reserves
- Maintain Current account deficit within manageable limits as a smaller percentage of GDP
- India Inc needs to have all round improvement

To Conclude...

We have

- The RESOURCES
- The DEMOGRAPHICS, and
- The HUNGER
- However, we have the comparative advantage and not the competitive advantage
- So, the need of the hour is to increase the productivity on all fronts

19

So, CAPTAINS OF BUSINESS,

Are you ready to take on the Competition and Change of the Nature that is unprecedented in the business history???

→ DR. VN BRIMS →

VPM'S DR.V N BRIMS, THANE SEMINAR

DR. V.N.BEDEKAR MEMORIAL DAY LECTURE

(2ND ANNIVERSARY)

14TH APRIL, 2006

DR. V. N. BEDEKAR MEMORIAL LECTURE

BY

PROF. Y. K. BHUSHAN

FORMER DIRECTOR GENERAL NMIMS PRESENTLY SPECIAL ADVISOR ICFAI

'LEADERSHIP FOR ASIA'S WINNING EDGE IN THE GLOBALIZED ECONOMY ROLE OF MANAGEMENT EDUCATION'

RELEASE OF DR.V.N.BEDEKAR RESEARCH VOLUME AN OCCASIONAL PUBLICATION OF DR. V N BRIMS

-: VENUE :-

Thorale Bajirao Peshawe Sabagruha Thane College Campus, Thane -400 601

Timimg: 9.00 A.M. TO 1.00 P.M.

Dr. V. N. Bedekar memorial lecture held on 14th April, 2006

Dr. V. N. Bedekar was a great human resource development visionary

Speaker : Prof. Y. K. Bhushan

Topic: Leadership for Asia's Winning Edge in the globalised economy

SALIENT POINTS

- a great institution is one which gives service to students
- HRD is just not about corporate training it has a wide significance
- globalisation : We are still in our move towards globalisation
- move has started because of the wheels provided by I.T.
- first millennium belonged to Asia as all kinds of knowledge emanated from Asia.
- second millennium belongs to West because West dominated Asia and Asia was pushed into the background.
- Now Asia, is becoming globally developed
- Asia is moving from imitation to innovation
- India and China has been recognised by the Western Leaders.
- ◆ According to Brick Report , India will emerge as third World's largest economy.
- India has a booming capital market
- India has a vibrant economy
- can India be a leader? This is a full fledged hope. Education is about hope.
- ◆ India has the challenge and opportunity to become the leader, of course there are constraints of democracy.
- population of India is going to become a great asset.
- ♦ India has advantage in English language, Leadership capacity- India cannot shine if we do not have the right kind of leadership.
- ◆ a leader has to serve the society, community contributions should be high rather than gains.
- leader has to be a model and not a critic. He has to be a role model.
- the role of national leadership is passionate, pursuit of progressive people.
- ◆ leadership at various levels- VIP Validation, Involvement and Participation
- education has a certain role to play in leadership
- leadership has to start at school level
- ◆ as far as India is concerned MBA is just not for creating managers but creating leaders. leadership has to be professional, academic.
- intelligence pertains to body, mind heart and spirit (physical, mental, emotional and spiritual intelligence)

Thus rise, awake and stop not by till we lead —— message by Swami Vivekanand

DR V N BEDEKAR MEMORIAL LECTURE

APRIL 14, 2006

'LEADERSHIP FOR ASIA'S WINNING EDGE IN THE GLOBALISED ECONOMY' -ROLE OF MANAGEMENT EDUCATION

Prof Y. K. Bhushan

Senior Advisor Icfai Business School – Mumbai, India

LOBALIZATION - THE CONCEPT

- Integration of <u>national economics</u> into the <u>international economy</u> through free flow of <u>goods, services, capital, labour</u> and technology
- Information technology & Communication revolution instrumental in globalization
 - Satellite dishes, Globe-spanning television network, Internet.
- Facilitated by governments' unprecedented support for global integration in recent decision

1

ASIAN RESURGENCE

- <u>First millennium</u> Asia's Storehouse of Innovation
- <u>Second millennium</u> Western domination and Relegation of Asia.
- Third millennium resurgence of Asia a Force in Global Economy
- · Towards Asian Unity Regional Pacts
- · Engine of growth for the world economy
- Asia's Forex reserves \$2.5 trillion, two-thirds of world total
- From imitation to innovation Japan, China, India
- Asia's emerging giants India and China- Our time has come

2

INDIA - THE EMERGING STAR OF ASIA

- India will emerge as the world's third largest economy by 2040 – BRIC report, Goldman Sachs
- Booming <u>capital market</u>, Burgeoning <u>forex</u> <u>reserves</u>, Buoyant <u>exports</u>
- · World's 'Back office'
- · 'Demographic dividend':
 - Median age: India China 24.5 years
- R&D and Design Capabilities
 - John Welch Technology Centre of GE, US, in India employs 2400 scientists and engineers to design aircraft engines to default predicting systems for GE capital.

3

INDIA SHINING

- Vibrant Economy
- Fastest Growing Economy
- · Booming capital market
- Burgeoning forex reserves
- Buoyant exports

4

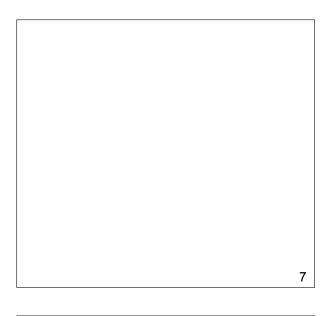
CAN INDIA BE THE LEADER?

- It has the Challenge and the Opportunity
- Brakes of Democracy slow down in infrastructure- education
- Welcome Sign: 'Shift from Borders to Business'

CHALLENGES & OPPORTUNITIES

Challenges	Opportunities
Poverty Character Crisis Brakes of Democracy	Democracy Language Unutilized Labour
Politicisation Regulatory Mindset Inadequate investment In Education	Leadership Capacity Killer Instinct (Up Front) Growth Over 8 %

6



INDIA Vs CHINA - LEVELING UP

Thornton Survey of Business Owners (30 Countries)

- Barriers to expansion <u>LANGUAGE</u> 28% China, 24% India
- POLITICAL INSTABILITY: 36% China, 31% India
- EXPORTS China 45% SMEs 25 % Turnover India 31% SMEs
- China India Threat and Opportunity
 <u>UP BEAT</u> 93% Indians; 79% Chinese

8

ROLE OF NATIONAL LEADERSHIP

- ◆ Leadership is the <u>passionate pursuit</u> of <u>progressive purpose</u> with (im)<u>passioned people</u>
- ♦ Do we have it?
 - Passion?

GUESS WHAT PUTTLE PUZZLE!

Progressive Vision - <u>purpose</u> – shifting – shifting – Passioned People

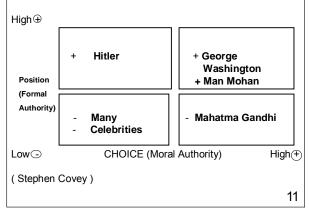
It is a word on everyone's lips. The young attack it and the old grow wistful for it. Parents have lost it and police seek it Experts claim it and artists spurn it, while scholars want it. Philosophers reconcile it

it, while scholars want it. Philosophers reconcile it (as authority) with liberty and theologians

demonstrate its compatibility with conscience. If

bureaucrats pretend they have MODIFICISTO FWISE ADERSHIPthey did. Everybody agree HAAN (GETE (SHEST AS MA TO BUSINESS)

than there used to be EADERS - FORMAL VS MORAL AUTHORITY MATRIX



ROLE OF LEADERSHIP

Leadership as an exercise of Influence for – SERVICE, CONTRIBUTION, STEWARDSHIP, DEVELOPMENT BUSINESS

LEADERSHIP AS A

- Choice (Moral Authority)
- Right makes might
- Integrity is loyalty
- Stubborn refusal
- The 'wrong' is in doing wrong
- -Be a model not a critic
- -'To be rather than to do'

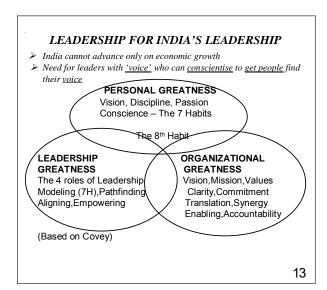
10

MODELS OF LEADERSHIP (NATIONAL & CORPORATE)

Gentle,Firm,Relentless
Humble,Ethical,
Moral authority,Discipline
Progressive,Professional
Sensitive, Principled
Courage,Maneavouring

'Bush – Blair'

Bluff, Boldness,
Brashness,
Vendetta, Arrogance,
Insensitivity,
Resourcefulness



	14

FROM	TO
Bottom-Line Driven	Values-Based
Flabby	Lean
Crisis Driven	Vision Driven
Fragmentation	Bonding
(CommunicationStrategic)	
Exploitive	Rewarding (Fair Play)
Politics Driven	Goal Driven

LEADERSHIP AT ALL LEVELS

VIP MODEL

- Validation
- Involvement
- Participation
- Empowering
- Enabling
- Encouraging

16

EDUCATION - NURSERY OF LEADERSHIP

 'Even old dogs will have to learn new tricks'

Teaching / Learning Paradigms

- Education for being and not just doing
- Meritum Ethicus
- Community Orientation

ROLE OF MANAGEMENT EDUCATION FOR ALL STREAMS

- ⇒ Large numbers of Schools Small number of Quality Schools
- ⇒ Break the Numbers Barrier (Kalam)
- ⇒ De-regulate Let the unworthy exit
- ⇒ Banish Cult of 'Minimum'
- ⇒ Allow for Organic Growth
- ⇒ Open 'Doors and Windows' International Inputs Doors for People / Windows for Ideas

18

17

WHAT SHOULD ME AIM AT?

- ? Mintzberg Managers not just MBA
- ? India Leaders not just Managers
- ? Leadership
 - Academic
 - Professional
 - Development Oportunity
 - Innovation

19

ME HARDWARE & SOFTWARE

- ⇒ Hardware : Knowledge and Functional Skills
- Software: Personal Growth Leadership Development
- ⇔ Multiple Intelligences Gardner 'Seven Intelligences'

20

ROLE OF SOFT SKILLS IN DEVELOPING MULTIPLE INTELLIGENCES

	4 Intelligences	4 Attributes	4 Roles
Body (To Live)	Physical Intelligence	Vision	Modeling
Mind (To Learn)	Mental Intelligence	Discipline	Pathfinding
Heart (To Love)	Emotional Intelligence	Passion	AligningExecution
Spirit (To leave a legacy)	Spiritual Intelligence	Conscience	Empowering
(Covey)			

21

INDIA IN THE RUNNING

- > Asia as the World Leader in Knowledge
- > India's opportunity
- > We see it! Can we seize it?
- Let's arise, awake and 'Stop not' till we lead!

WE SHALL MAKE IT!

VPM'S DR. V N BRIMS, THANE WORKSHOP

ON

CHALLENGES FOR INDIAN MULTINATIONALS

ON

18TH MARCH, 2006

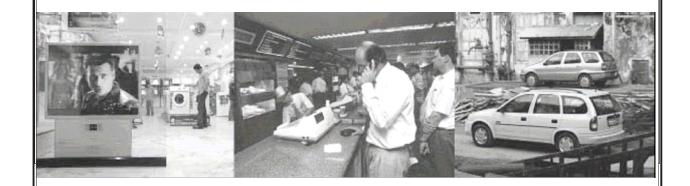
SPEAKERS

DR. P. S. DEODHAR
SHRI. NAVROZE MAHUDAWALLA
SHRI. SUNIL BEDEKAR
DR. S. SIDDHAN
DR. P. M. KELKAR
SHRI. NAVEEN SAMBTANI

VENUE

Thorale Bajirao Peshawe Sabhagruha Thane College Campus, Thane - 400 601.

Timimg: 9.30 A.M. TO 1.30 P.M.



Challenges, Performance & Strategic Imperatives MNCs in India

Shri. Navroz Mahudawalla

Challenges for Indian Multinationals Workshop



Let's evaluate....

- Defining Success for MNCs in India
- Performance of MNCs Financial
- Key Success Factors for MNCs operating in India
- Key Advantages of existence of MNCs in India
- Issues which have hindered MNCs growth in India
- Key challenges that Indian MNCs would face

2

Many MNCs have managed to achieve success along both lines.....

SEVERAL MNCs SUCCESSFUL ALONG BOTH DIMENSIONS						
Company example	Industry standing and industry altering innovations	strong performance indicators	and leveraging India for global business			
ABN-AMRO	Providing the full range of banking products in India; Created special online offerings for Indian clients	Achieving 45% sales growth and 70% growth in consumer banking See India as 4 th major 'home' market for the group	Reached significant cost savings through BPO Expanding to serve the BPO needs of other financial institutions			
ABB	Cutting edge products and solutions available in India 8 local manufacturing units and countrywide marketing and service presence	1,200 Cr. in sales in 2002 Over 20% revenue growth and over 30% profitability enhancement in 2003 Top performing share price	First IT centre outside EU &US in India Significant export of products, solutions and services from India			
Cadbury	The industry leader in the chocolates and confectionary market Multiple innovations across products, price and packaging	~650 Cr. in sales Holds a 70% value share of the chocolate market Achieved growth of ~30% in both revenues and profitability during the 90's	Exporting both finished goods and innovative concepts to Cadbury around the world			
ERICSSON 📁	Introducing the latest telecom technologies to India Transferred their full product range enabling end to end communication solutions	Market share of 40% of connected subscribers on its systems Supplied 50% of mobile network systems in India	Project 'Next Billion': Collaborating with Wipro to develop infrastructure and services in India for mobile networks in emerging markets across the globe			
gsk _{claxosmithKline}	Ranked as #1 pharma company in India Built a superior sales force and distribution network – currently used in joint marketing agreements	Over 1,100Cr. sales and 128Cr. profits in 2002 Gearing up for significant growth post 2005	Plans in place to develop India as R&D center, statistical & data management, sourcing for raw materials, and clinical trials			
PIAGGIO	Introducing superior engine technology, new 3 and 4 wheeler models, and innovative customized solutions to India	Turned operation around to become profitable 1,5 years after initiating independent operations in India	Plans to make India global hub for 3 wheeler mfg, and the launching pad for global expansion Planning components exports to the EU			
RENAULT	New technology and design expertise introduced to India Developed special products tailored to Indian market requirements	Turnover of ~500Cr. Investing over 300Cr. in expanding capacity to satisfy expected global demand Turnover of ~500Cr. expected global demand	Have built an export business for both tractors and components Plan to increase exports 6 fold to 6000 units in 3 yrs			
PERFEIII Melle	Created and grew segments in the confectionary market from the ground up (especially deposited candy)	Turnover of 350Cr.; growing 30-40% annually India is one of the top performing units for organization	Exporting creative talent, innovation and ideas Local advertising is being used in other markets			

Source : CII BCG Report

Defining success for MNCs in India

- Success for MNCs in India can be defined along 2 dimensions :
- ■Capturing the Domestic Market Opportunity
- Leveraging India's resource base to derive additional value for the corporation
 - R&D / Manufacturing / Sourcing / BPO

3

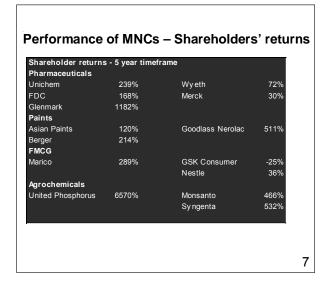
6

Performance of MNCs – An Analysis

- Over the last few decades, most MNCs have shown typical characteristics in their growth plans in India
- Prefers operations to be less assets intensive
- -Lean operations as far as employees are concerned
- Preference of profitability over growth
- Most businesses generate high ROCEs
- Extremely cagey to enter "non-Parent" growth areas

5

Performance of MNCs — Growth Vs Profitability Growth - Syar sales CAGR Pharmaceuticals Unchem 17% Wyeth 2% FDC 20% Merck 8% Genemar 30% Paints Agrochemicals United Phosphorus 25% Mosanto 20% Syrigenta 10% Performance 10% Syrigenta 10% Performance 10% Pharmaceuticals United Phosphorus 25% Merck 24% Commark 20% Paints Again Paints 12% Goodlass Nerolac 11% Profitability - 3 year Average EBITDAmargins Pharmaceuticals United Phosphorus 25% Merck 24% Commark 20% Paints Again Paints 14% Goodlass Nerolac 12% Paints Again Paints 14% Goodlass Nerolac 12% Performanceuticals United Phosphorus 25% Merck 24% Commark 20% Paints Again P



Performance of MNCs – Capex Creation Capex Creation - 5 year (Rs Million) Pharmaceuticals Unichem 1.000 Wyeth **4**04 FDC 111 2,313 Glenmark **Paints** Asian Paints 2,445 Goodlass Nerolac 1,743 Berger 1,009 Agrochemicals United Phosphorus 6,889 Monsanto 810 Syngenta 475 8

Various studies have shown that there are 3 key success factors for MNCs operating in India ... Commitment at global level - Raise the profile of India - Formulation of bold long term targets Empowered local Management More cost effective, enhances continuity, leverages understanding of local environment Localized product / market business models; create customized products and services in response to unique environment in India - Deliver the right product at the right price with right positioning for India

Key Advantages of existence of MNCs in Indiai.e what has India really gained?

- Work culture for employees
- Systems
- Training and Learning
- Technology especially concept of working with better technologies
- Safety Health and Environmental Learnings
- Culture and Ethos
- Excellent training grounds for many entrepreneurs

10

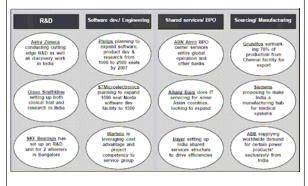
Key gains NOW.....

- Outsourcing Centres for key processes setup by various MNCs
- R&D Outsourcing Pharmaceuticals, Engineering, IT. Telecom
- Product development centres (Telecom, IT)



11

Key gains NOW.....



12

What are the key issues in the Indian context which have hindered MNCs growth?

- "Global parent strategy" dictates India plans
- Limitations of growth due to regulatory / legislation / IPR issues
- Limited Autonomy for top MNC Managers
- Sometimes bureaucratic setups have delayed decision making – sharp contrast to most Indian entrepreneur companies
- Insistence of some companies on having expats

13

What are the key issues in the Indian context which have hindered MNCs growth? (Contd...)

- Rigidity and insistence on evaluating India like any other market
- Not being able to recognize early enough that India is a price and quality conscious market
- Limitations of following aggressive M&A options (detail next slide)
- Many MNCs have got consistently caught in rounds of "parent consolidation"
- 100% subsidiary conundrum

14

M&A strategies – MNCs Vs Indian companies

- Except for India entry M&A plays, MNCs in India have been quite dormant on this front
- "Not to go beyond parent portfolio"
- Protocols difficult to meet deal / transaction timelines
- M&A is an important tool for growth in today's context – a tool which could be too crucial to miss out on